

#### 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Valve Regulated Lead Acid Battery	Product Use: Vehicle Electrical System
Synonyms: AGM Battery/SLA	<b>Manufacturer/Supplier:</b> Canadian Energy Address: 107-10550 42 St SE Calgary, AB, T2C 5C7
General Information Number: 1-800-236-7472	Emergency number: CANUTEC 613-996-6666
Contact Person: Canadian Energy H&S Department	

## 2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Health		Environmental	Physical
Acute Toxicity	Category 4	Aquatic Chronic 1	Explosive Chemical,
(Oral, dermal, inhalation)		Aquatic Acute 1	Division 1.3
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1A	•	
Eye Damage	Category 1		
Reproductive	Category 1A		
Carcinogenicity (lead)	Category 1B		
Carcinogenicity (acid mist)	Category 1A		
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 2		

#### Label Elements:

Health	Environmental	Physical
	****	
Hazard Statements	Precautionary Statements	
DANGER!	Wash thoroughly after handling.	

Causes severe skin burns Causes serious eye damage.

May damage fertility or the unborn child if ingested or inhaled.

May cause cancer if ingested or inhaled.

Causes damage to central nervous system, blood and kidneys through prolonged or repeated exposure.

May form explosive air/gas mixture during charging.

Extremely flammable gas (hydrogen). Explosive, fire, blast or projection hazard.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing, eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Causes skin irritation, serious eye damage.

Contact with internal components may cause irritation or severe burns. Avoid contact with internal acid.

Irritating to eyes, respiratory system, and skin.

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#### 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENTS (Chemical/Common Names):	CAS No.:	% by Wt:
Inorganic Lead/Lead Compounds	7439-92-1	72
Sulfuric Acid absorbed in Glass-Fiber Material	7664-93-9	28

Composition Comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Note: Under normal conditions of battery use, internal components will not present a health hazard. The following information is provided for battery electrolyte (acid) and lead for exposures that may occur during battery production or container breakage or under extreme heat conditions such as fire.

Inhalation Sulfuric Acid: Remove to fresh air immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult,

give oxygen. Consult a physician.

Lead: Remove from exposure, gargle, wash nose and lips; consult physician.

Skin contact Sulfuric Acid: Flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes; remove contaminated clothing

completely, including shoes. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before

reuse. Discard contaminated shoes.

Lead: Wash immediately with soap and water.

Eye contact Sulfuric Acid and Lead: Flush immediately with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes while lifting

lids; Seek immediate medical attention if eyes have been exposed directly to acid.

**Ingestion** Sulfuric Acid: Give large quantities of water; Do NOT induce vomiting or aspiration into the lungs may

occur and can cause permanent injury or death; consult physician. Lead: Consult physician immediately.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Flash Point** Not applicable unless individual components exposed.

Auto ignition

**Temperature** 

No data available.

**Flammable Limits** LEL = 4.1% (Hydrogen Gas in air); UEL = 74.2%

Extinguishing Media CO2; foam; dry chemical. Do not use carbon dioxide directly on cells. Avoid breathing vapors. Use

appropriate media for surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable** Water

**Extinguishing Media** 

Special Fire Fighting

**Procedures** 

Use positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus. Beware of acid splatter during water application and wear acid-resistant clothing, gloves, face and eye protection. If batteries are on charge, shut off power to the charging equipment, but note that strings of series connected batteries may still pose

risk of electric shock even when charging equipment is shut down.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazard

Highly flammable hydrogen gas is generated during charging and operation of batteries. If ignited by burning cigarette, naked flame or spark, may cause battery explosion with dispersion of casing fragments and corrosive liquid electrolyte. Carefully follow manufacturer's instructions for installation and service. Keep away all sources of gas ignition and do not allow metallic articles to simultaneously contact the negative and positive terminals of a battery. Follow manufacturer's instructions for installation and service.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Protective Measures to be Taken if Material is Released or Spilled Stop flow of material, contain/absorb small spills with dry sand, earth, and vermiculite. Do not use combustible materials. If possible, carefully neutralize spilled acid with soda ash, sodium bicarbonate, lime, etc. Wear acid-resistant clothing, boots, gloves, and face shield. Do not allow discharge of un-neutralized acid to sewer. Acid must be managed in accordance with approved local, state, and federal requirements. Consult state environmental agency and/or federal EPA.

Waste Disposal Method  $Dispose\ of\ as\ a\ hazardous\ waste.\ Dispose\ of\ in\ accordance\ with\ applicable\ local,\ state\ and\ federal$ 

regulations.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling & Storage Store frost-free under roof; prevent short circuits. Do not store in sealed, unventilated areas. Seek agreement

with local water authorities in case of larger quantities. Avoid overheating and charging. Do not use organic solvents or anything other than manufacturers recommended cleaners on the batteries. If batteries have to be

stored in storage rooms, it is imperative that the instructions for use are observed.

**Charging:** There is a possible risk of electric shock from charging equipment and from strings of series connected

batteries, whether or not being charged. Shut-off power to chargers whenever not in use and before detachment of any circuit connections. Batteries being charged may generate and release flammable hydrogen gas. Charging space should be ventilated. Prohibit smoking and avoid creation of flames and sparks

nearby. Wear face and eye protection when near batteries being charged.

**Other** Follow Manufacturers Recommendations regarding maximum recommended currents and operating

temperature range. Do not overcharge beyond the recommended upper charging voltage limit. Applying pressure or deforming the battery may lead to disassembly followed by eye, skin and throat irritation.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Occupational exposure limits

#### **US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Lead and lead compounds (CAS 7439-92-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	
Sulphuric acid (CAS7664-93-9)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	Thoracic fraction.
Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational H	ealth & Safe	ty Code, Schedule 1, Table	2)
Components	Туре	Value	
Lead and lead compounds (CAS 7439-92-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	
Sulphuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)	STEL	3 mg/m3	

# Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

1 mg/m3

TWA

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Lead and lead compounds (CAS 7439-92-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	
Sulphuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	Mist.

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# Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

TWA

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Lead and lead compounds (CAS 7439-92-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	
Sulphuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	Thoracic fraction.
Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Expo	sure to Biologic	al or Chemical Agents)	
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Lead and lead compounds (CAS 7439-92-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	
Sulphuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	Thoracic fraction.
Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Lab	or - Regulation	Respecting the Quality of the	Work Environment)
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Lead and lead compounds (CAS 7439-92-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	
Sulphuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)	STEL	3 mg/m3	

## Biological limit values

# **ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Lead and lead compounds (CAS 7439-92-1)	300 μg/l	Lead	Blood	*

1 mg/m3

<sup>\* -</sup> For sampling details, please see the source document

Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Provide easy access to water supply and eye wash facilities.		
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment	Eye/face protection	None under normal conditions. Leak from a damaged or opened battery: Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).	
	Skin protection	None under normal conditions. Leak from a damaged or opened battery:	
	Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.	
	Other	None under normal conditions. Leak from a damaged or opened battery: Wear suitable protective clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.	
	Respiratory protection	None under normal conditions.	
	Thermal hazards	When material is heated, wear gloves to protect against thermal burns.	
O a manual harral area	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material		
General hygiene considerations	and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective		
	equipment to remove contaminants.		

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Appearance and Odor** Manufactured article; no apparent odor.

**Odor Threshold** Not applicable.

**pH** Not applicable

Melting Point Lead - 621.32 °F (327.4 °C)

Not applicable unless individual components exposed.

**Boiling Point** Battery Electrolyte (Acid) - 230 - 233.6 °F (110 - 112 °C)

Lead - 3191 °F (1755 °C)

Flash Point Not applicable.

**Evaporation Rate** 

(Butyl Acetate = 1) Not applicable.

**Vapor Pressure** 

(mm Hg @ 20 ° C)

Battery Electrolyte (Acid) 11.7

**Flammability** 

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Flammability Limit Lower- 4.1 % Hydrogen

Flammability Limit Upper - 74.2 %

**Vapor Pressure** 10.95 mm Hg (Sulfuric Acid)

Vapor Density Not applicable.

**Relative Density** 1.21 - 1.3 Battery Electrolyte (Acid)

Solubility Lead and Lead dioxide are not soluble.

100 % Battery Electrolyte (Acid).

**% Volatile by Weight** Not applicable unless individual components exposed.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature Not applicable

**Decomposition** 

Not applicable temperature

Viscosity Not applicable

Density 11.35 g/cm3 Lead

#### 10.STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Reactivity** This product is non-reactive under normal conditions or use, storage, and transport.

**Stability** The sealed battery is considered stable.

**Conditions to Avoid** Sparks and other sources of ignition; high temperature; over charging.

Acid: Contact with combustibles and organic materials may cause fire and explosion. Also reacts

violently with strong reducing agents, metals, sulfur trioxide gas, strong oxidizers, and water. Contact with metals may produce toxic sulfur dioxide fumes and may release flammable hydrogen gas.

Lead compounds: Avoid contact with strong acids, bases, halides, halogenates, potassium nitrate,

permanganate, peroxides, nascent hydrogen, and reducing agents.

Acid: Sulfur trioxide, carbon monoxide, sulfuric acid mist, sulfur dioxide, hydrogen sulfide.

**Hazardous Decomposition** 

**Products** 

Incompatibility

(materials to avoid)

Lead compounds: Temperatures above the melting point are likely to produce toxic metal fume, vapor, or dust; contact with strong acid or base or presence of nascent hydrogen may generate highly toxic arsine

gas.

Hazardous Polymerization Will not occur.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Dust/mist may irritate

respiratory system.

Inhalation Difficulty in breathing. Frequent inhalation of dust over a long period of time

increases the risk of

Information on likely

developing lung diseases. routes of exposure Skin contact Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Dust/mist may irritate skin.

> Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Dust/mist may irritate the Eye contact

eyes.

Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: May cause discomfort if Ingestion

swallowed.

Symptoms related to the

physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Dust may irritate the eyes and the respiratory

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Components	Species	Test Results	
Sulphuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)			
Acute			
Oral			
LD50	Rat	2140 mg/kg	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Causes skin burns.		
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Causes serious eye damage.		
Respiratory or skin sensitization	Respiratory sensitization	No data available.	
	Skin sensitization	No data available.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available.		
Carcinogenicity	The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified "strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid" as a known human carcinogen, (IARC category 1). This classification applies only to mists containing sulfuric acid and not to sulfuric acid or sulfuric acid solutions.		

#### **ACGIH Carcinogens**

Lead and lead compounds (CAS 7439-92-1) A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

Sulphuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9) A2 Suspected human carcinogen.

#### Canada - Alberta OELs: Carcinogen category

Sulphuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9) Suspected human carcinogen.

#### Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity

LEAD AND INORGANIC COMPOUNDS, AS PB

(CAS 7439-92-1)

Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

SULFURIC ACID, WHEN CONTAINED IN

STRONG INORGANIC ACID MISTS

(CAS 7664-93-9)

Suspected human carcinogen.

# Canada - Quebec OELs: Carcinogen category

Lead and lead compounds (CAS 7439-92-1) Detected carcinogenic effect in animals.

#### IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Lead and lead compounds (CAS 7439-92-1) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Sulphuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Reproductive toxicity

None under normal conditions. Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: May damage

fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ

toxicity - single exposure

**Chronic effects** 

None under normal conditions. Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Causes damage

to organs (Respiratory system).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

None under normal conditions. Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: May cause

damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Aspiration hazard** Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard.

Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Heavy lead exposure may result in central nervous system damage, encephalopathy and damage to the blood-forming (hematopoietic) tissues.

Chronic inhalation of sulfuric acid mist may increase the risk of lung cancer.

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Environmental Fate** Lead is very persistent in soil and sediments. No data on environmental degradation. Mobility of metallic

lead between ecological compartments is slow. Bioaccumulation of lead occurs in aquatic and terrestrial animals and plants but little bioaccumulation occurs through the food chain. Most studies include lead

compounds and not elemental lead

**Ecotoxicity** Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. However, no ecological impacts expected under normal

use conditions.

Constituents Species Test Results

Inorganic Lead/Lead Compounds (CAS 7439-92-1)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Rainbow trout, Donaldson trout 1.17 mg/l, 96 hours

(Oncorhynchus mykiss)

Persistence and Degradability No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Additional Information No known effects on stratospheric ozone depletion

Volatile organic compounds: 0% (by Volume)

Water Endangering Class (WGK): NA

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## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of this material and its container to** 

hazardous or special waste collection point.

**Local disposal regulations** Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

**Hazardous waste code** Not regulated.

Waste from residues / unused Avoid discharge into water courses or onto the ground.

Since emptied containers retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied.

## 14.TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not regulated as dangerous goods

**IATA** 

Not regulated as dangerous goods

**IMDG** 

Not regulated as dangerous goods

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable.

DOT: Not regulated per 49 CFR 173.159a.

**General information** IATA/ICAO: Not regulated per Special Provision A67.

IMDG: Not regulated per Special Provision #238.

Label: NONSPILLABLE

Note: Transportation requirements do not apply once the battery pack has been installed in a vehicle as part of the vehicle's functional components.

<u>Transportation:</u> Sealed Lead Acid Battery is not a DOT Hazardous Material
<u>Other:</u> Per DOT, IATA, ICAO, and IMDG rules and regulations, these batteries are exempt from "UN2800" classification as a result of successful completion of the following tests:

- 1) Vibration tests
- 2) Pressure Differential Tests
- 3) Case Rupturing Tests (no free liquids)

#### **GROUND - US-DOT/CAN-TDG/EU-ADR/APEC-ADR:**

Not regulated as dangerous goods per 49 CFR 173.159a

#### AIRCRAFT - ICAO-IATA:

Not regulated as dangerous goods per Special Provision A67

#### I VESSEL - IMO-IMDG:

Not regulated as dangerous goods per exception 238

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# Canadian regulations

**General information** This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the

SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

**Controlled Drugs and Substances Act** Not regulated.

**Export Control List (CEPA 1999,** 

Schedule 3)

Not listed.

**Greenhouse Gases** Not listed.

**Precursor Control Regulations** Sulphuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9) Class B

International regulations

Stockholm Convention Not applicable. **Rotterdam Convention** Not applicable. **Kyoto protocol** Not applicable. **Montreal Protocol** Not applicable. **Basel Convention** Not applicable.

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

<sup>\*</sup>A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## **16.OTHER INFORMATION**

12/12/22 Issue Date:

Disclaimer Canadian Energy cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or

> the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet

was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.